The Spirit, the Body, and the Gifts: The Gifts 1 Corinthians 12:1-31

- I. Introduction
  - A. Full integration
    - 1. God fully integrated
    - 2. Creates a fully integrated Body (in His image)
    - 3. Empowered with fully integrated gifts which believers must choose to put into practice
- II. Seven Fundamental Facts and Seven Fundamental Questions About Spiritual Gifts from 1 Corinthians 12-14
  - A. God Intends His people to understand spiritual gifts and their role in our lives (12:1)
    - 1. 1 Corinthians 12:1 (ESV) Now concerning spiritual gifts, brothers, I do not want you to be uninformed.
    - 2. Question: How does a spiritual gift differ from a natural talent, a learned skill, or a called position?
    - 3. Two words for spiritual gift
      - a. *pneumatikos* represents the divine source of every gift
        - (1) "things pertaining to the spirit
        - (2) Emphasizes the spiritual nature and origin of spiritual gifts
        - (3) not natural talents but supernatural empowerment from H S
      - b. *charismata* represents the divine condition of every gift
        - (1) "grace gift"
        - (2) Spiritual gift is a gift of God's grace
        - (3) Not a naturally developed ability but a gift bestowed on a believer
      - c. A spiritual gift is "a divine endowment of a special ability for service upon a member of the body of Christ for God's glory and the common good."
        - (1) Distinguish from talents/abilities
        - (2) Distinguish from graces/offices
          - (a) Graces: features of Christian character expected in every Spirit-filled believer
            - i) Fruit of the Spirit
            - ii) Galatians 5:22-23
          - (b) Offices
            - i) Positions within the church for the administration of its ministries
            - ii) Callings and elections by God to specific congregational oversight/responsibility
    - 4. Information from God always conveys an expectation of action for God.
      - a. Surrender to greater likeness to Jesus

- (1) Because the Father delights in the Son: who is the epitome of all humans are created to be in relation to God
- (2) The more we become like Jesus
  - (a) The more we become like what we are created to be
  - (b) The more delight we experience in God's glory
- b. Surrender to greater glory for God
- c. Surrender to greater joy in life
- B. There are varieties of spiritual gifts (12:4)
  - 1. 1 Corinthians 12:4 (ESV) Now there are varieties of gifts, but the same Spirit;
  - 2. Why tell us this?
    - a. To reveal something about God
    - b. To reveal something about the church
    - c. To reveal something about ourselves
  - 3. God loves to put unity in diversity on display
    - a. Many parts of one body
    - b. Many organisms in one world
    - c. Many people in one church
- C. Spiritual gifts are manifestations of the Holy Spirit (12:7)
  - 1. 1 Corinthians 12:7 (ESV) To each is given the manifestation of the Spirit for the common good.
  - 2. What does "Manifestation" mean?
- D. Spiritual gifts are given by God to the believer for the common good. (12:7)
  - 1. 1 Corinthians 12:7 (ESV) To each is given the manifestation of the Spirit for the common good.
  - 2. What is the common good God intends to accomplish with spiritual gifts?
- E. God appoints spiritual gifts in the church (12:28)
  - 1. 1 Corinthians 12:28 (ESV) And God has appointed in the church first apostles, second prophets, third teachers, then miracles, then gifts of healing, helping, administrating, and various kinds of tongues.
    - a. God has appointed that there be gifts in the church
    - b. God appoints what gifts are present in the church
  - 2. What gifts has God appointed here at Cornerstone?
- F. Spiritual gifts are to be desired by the believer and by the believing church as part of their pursuit of love. (14:1)
  - 1. 1 Corinthians 14:1 (ESV) Pursue love, and earnestly desire the spiritual gifts, especially that you may prophesy.
  - 2. What role does love play in spiritual gifts?
- G. The primary goal of spiritual gifts in the church is the edification of the church. (14:3, 4, 5, 12, 17, 19, 26, 31)
  - 1. 1 Corinthians 14:26 (ESV) What then, brothers? When you come together, each one has a hymn, a lesson, a revelation, a tongue, or an interpretation. Let all things be done for building up.
  - 2. What does edification of the church mean and why is it a priority?